

**CITY OF MONTEREY**  
**JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY**  
**COMPONENT UNIT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007**

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CITY OF MONTEREY  
JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY

Component Unit Financial Statements  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

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## CITY OF MONTEREY - JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of the City of Monterey, California)

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### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Please read this overview in conjunction your reading of the accompanying Basic Financial statements.

#### THE PURPOSE OF THE AUTHORITY

The City of Monterey Joint Powers Financing Authority (Authority) was formed in July 1994 by a joint exercise of powers between the City of Monterey (City) and the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Monterey (RDA). The Authority provides financing of public capital improvements for the City and RDA through the issuance of Lease Revenue Bonds. This form of debt allows investors to participate in a stream of future lease payments.

Improvements financed with Authority debt are leased to the City in return for rental payments which, together with restricted assets of the Authority (See Note 2), will be sufficient to meet the debt service obligations of the Authority. At the termination of the lease, title to the improvements will pass to the City.

The Authority is an integral part of the City. It provides services to the City and its governing body is the City Council. Therefore, the financial data of the Authority has been included as a blended component unit within the City's comprehensive annual financial report for the year ended June 30, 2006.

#### FISCAL YEAR 2006-07 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Financial highlights of the year include the following:

- The Authority had net assets of \$734,810 at June 30, 2007.
- The Authority's net assets increased \$51,768 in fiscal 2007.

#### **The Basic Financial Statements**

The Basic Financial Statements comprise the Authority-wide Financial Statements and the Fund Financial Statements; these two sets of financial statements provide two different views of the Authority's financial activities and financial position.

The **Authority-wide Financial Statements** provide a longer-term view of the Authority's activities as a whole, and comprise the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. They are prepared on the accrual basis, which means they measure the flow of all economic resources of the Authority as a whole.

The *Statement of Net Assets* provides information about the financial position of the Authority as a whole, including all its capital assets and long-term liabilities on the full accrual basis, similar to that used by corporations. The *Statement of Activities* provides information about all the Authority's revenues and all its expenses, also on the full accrual basis, with the emphasis on measuring net revenues or expenses of each the Authority's programs. It explains in detail the change in Net Assets for the year.

For each of these statements, all of the Authority's activities are grouped into two categories, Government Activities and Business-Type Activities.

The **Fund Financial Statements** report the Authority's operations in more detail than the Authority-wide statements and focus primarily on the short-term activities of the Authority's two Funds. The Fund Financial Statements measure only current revenues and expenditures and fund balances; they exclude

## CITY OF MONTEREY - JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of the City of Monterey, California)

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capital assets, long-term debt and other long-term amounts. The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about each of the Authority's most significant funds, called Major Funds. The Authority reports both of its Funds as Major Funds; their purpose is explained in Note 1.C. to the financial statements.

Financial statements for Governmental Major Funds are prepared on the modified accrual basis, which means they measure only current financial resources and uses. Interest receivable, along with long-term liabilities, are not presented in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

### FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES OF THE AUTHORITY AS A WHOLE

This analysis focuses on the net assets and changes in net assets of the Authority in the Authority-wide *Statement of Net Assets* and *Statement of Activities* that follow.

The Authority's net assets increased to \$734,810 in 2007 from \$683,042 in 2006.

### **Fiscal Year 2006-07 Authority Activities**

#### Authority-wide Financial Statements

The Authority's fiscal 2007 revenue came solely from investment earnings, which amounted to \$307,594. Authority expenses of \$886,901 were for interest expense and other expenses.

#### Fund Financial Statements

At June 30, 2007, the Authority's governmental fund reported a fund balance of \$724,924, which is an increase of \$51,525 compared with last year.

### DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Each of the Authority's debt issues are discussed in detail in Note 4 to the financial statements. At June 30, 2007, the Authority's debt was comprised of two Lease Revenue Bond issues with interest rates of from 4.0% to 5.75%, all secured by Lease revenues.

### ECONOMIC OUTLOOK AND MAJOR INITIATIVES

The Authority's sole revenue source is investment income received from the City of Monterey. The outlook for continued receipt of revenue payments and then subsequent ability to make timely debt service payments is strong. Although the City of Monterey is facing difficult budgeting challenges due to the economic downturn and revenue takeaways from the State of California, the City was proactive in restructuring staffing and services to align General Fund expenditures with anticipated revenue streams. In addition, the City significantly limited the use of reserves or "one-time" in-flows to pay for on-going expenditures.

### CONTACTING THE AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

These financial statements are intended to provide citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's financial condition and results of operations. Questions should be directed to the Finance Department at City Hall, Monterey, CA 93940.

## CITY OF MONTEREY - JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of the City of Monterey, California)

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### **AGENCY-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### *STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES*

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities summarize the entire Authority's financial activities and financial position. They are prepared on the same basis as is used by most businesses, which means they include all the Authority's assets and all its liabilities, as well as all its revenues and expenses. This is known as the full accrual basis—the effect of all the Authority's transactions is taken into account, regardless of whether or when cash changes hands, but all material internal transactions between Authority funds have been eliminated.

The Statement of Net Assets reports the difference between the Authority's total assets and the Authority's total liabilities, including the Authority's long-term debt. The Statement of Net Assets presents similar information to the old balance sheet format, but presents it in a way that focuses the reader on the composition of the Authority's net assets, by subtracting total liabilities from total assets.

The Statement of Net Assets summarizes the financial position of all the Authority's Governmental Activities in a single column, and the financial position of all the Authority's Business-Type Activities in a single column; these columns are followed by a Total column that presents the financial position of the entire Authority.

The Authority's Governmental Activities include the activities of its Debt Service Fund. The Authority's Business-Type Activities include its Enterprise Fund activities.

The Statement of Activities reports increases and decreases in the Authority's net assets. It is also prepared on the full accrual basis, which means it includes all the Authority's revenues and all its expenses, regardless of when cash changes hands. This differs from the "modified accrual" basis used in the Fund financial statements, which reflect only current assets, current liabilities, available revenues and measurable expenditures.

The format of the Statement of Activities differs considerably from those used in the past. It presents the Authority's expenses first, listed by program, and follows these with the expenses of its business-type activities. Program revenues—that is, revenues which are generated directly by these programs—are then deducted from program expenses to arrive at the net expense of each governmental and business-type program. The Authority's general revenues are then listed in the Governmental Activities or Business-Type Activities column, as appropriate, and the Change in Net Assets is computed and reconciled with the Statement of Net Assets.

CITY OF MONTEREY JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY  
(A Component Unit of the City of Monterey, California)  
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS  
JUNE 30, 2007

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business-Type Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Cash and investments available for operations	\$ 94,727	\$ 995	\$ 95,722
Restricted cash and investments	650,892	-	650,892
Interest receivable	72,753	61,178	133,931
Investment in leases	<u>8,970,000</u>	<u>2,963,705</u>	<u>11,933,705</u>
 Total Assets	 <u>9,788,372</u>	 <u>3,025,878</u>	 <u>12,814,250</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
Interest payable	71,379	61,178	132,557
Accounts payable	4,478	-	4,478
Arbitrage rebate payable	17,591	-	17,591
Lease revenue bonds:			
Due within one year	200,000	175,000	375,000
Due in more than one year	<u>8,770,000</u>	<u>2,779,814</u>	<u>11,549,814</u>
 Total Liabilities	 <u>9,063,448</u>	 <u>3,015,992</u>	 <u>12,079,440</u>
<b>NET ASSETS</b>			
Restricted for:			
Debt service	<u>724,924</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>724,924</u>
 Unrestricted	 <u>-</u>	 <u>9,886</u>	 <u>9,886</u>
 Total Net Assets	 <u>\$ 724,924</u>	 <u>\$ 9,886</u>	 <u>\$ 734,810</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements

CITY OF MONTEREY JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY  
(A Component Unit of the City of Monterey, California)  
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets		Total
		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	
Governmental Activities:	\$ 708,910	\$ (708,910)	\$ -	\$ (708,910)
Business-Type Activities:				
Financing Authority	177,991	-	(177,991)	(177,991)
Total	\$ 886,901	(708,910)	(177,991)	(886,901)
General revenues:				
Investment earnings		129,360	178,234	307,594
Transfers from City		631,075	-	631,075
Total general revenues and transfers		760,435	178,234	938,669
Change in Net Assets		51,525	243	51,768
Net Assets-Beginning		673,399	9,643	683,042
Net Assets-Ending		\$ 724,924	\$ 9,886	\$ 734,810

See accompanying notes to financial statements

**CITY OF MONTEREY - JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY**

(A Component Unit of the City of Monterey, California)

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**FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

GASB 34 revises the format of the Fund Financial Statements so that only individual major funds are presented, while non-major funds are combined in a single column.

Major funds are defined generally as having significant activities or balances in the current year. No distinction is made between Fund types and the practice of combining like funds and presenting their totals in separate columns (Combined Financial Statements) has been discontinued, along with the use of the General Fixed Assets and General Long-term Debt Account Groups.

***MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS***

The fund described below was determined to be a Major Fund. This is the Authority's only Governmental fund, and thus there are no individual non-major funds that would have been found in a Supplemental section.

**DEBT SERVICE FUND**

This **Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. As with all governmental funds, the Debt Service Fund is accounted for on a spending or financial flow measurement focus, which means that current assets and current liabilities are generally included on its balance sheet. The reported fund balances represent net current assets, which is considered only to be a measure of *available spendable resources*. Governmental fund operating statements present a summary of sources and uses of *available spendable resources* during a period by presenting increases and decreases in net current assets.

CITY OF MONTEREY JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY  
(A Component Unit of the City of Monterey, California)  
GOVERNMENTAL FUND  
BALANCE SHEET  
JUNE 30, 2007

	Debt Service
<b>ASSETS</b>	
Cash and investments available for operations	\$ 94,727
Restricted cash and investments	650,892
Interest Receivable	1,374
Investment in leases	8,970,000
Total Assets	\$ 9,716,993
<b>LIABILITIES</b>	
Accounts payable	\$ 4,478
Arbitrage rebate payable	17,591
Deferred revenue	8,970,000
Total Liabilities	8,992,069
<b>FUND BALANCES</b>	
Fund balances	
Reserved for:	
Debt service	724,924
Total Fund Balances	724,924
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 9,716,993
Total fund balances reported on the governmental fund balance sheet above	\$ 724,924
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different from those reported in the Governmental Funds above because of the following:	
<b>ACCRUAL OF NON-CURRENT REVENUES AND EXPENSES</b>	
Revenues which are deferred on the Fund Balance Sheet because they are not available currently are taken into revenue in the Statement of Activities.	8,970,000
Interest payable	71,379
Interest receivable	(71,379)
<b>LONG TERM ASSETS AND LIABILITIES</b>	
The assets and liabilities below are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the Funds:	
Long-term debt	(8,970,000)
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 724,924

See accompanying notes to financial statements

GOVERNMENTAL FUND  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES  
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Debt Service
REVENUES	
Interest on investment in lease	\$ 57,981
OPERATING EXPENSE	
Services and supplies	6,456
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	51,525
NONOPERATING EXPENSES	
Principal expense	195,000
Interest expense	436,075
Total Nonoperating Expenses	631,075
Income(Loss) before Transfers and Other Financing Sources	(579,550)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Transfers in from City	631,075
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	51,525
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	673,399
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 724,924

See accompanying notes to financial statements

CITY OF MONTEREY JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY  
(A Component Unit of the City of Monterey, California)  
Reconciliation of the  
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND  
with the  
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

The schedule below reconciles the Net Change in Fund Balance reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, which measures only changes in current assets and current liabilities on the modified accrual basis, with the Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities reported in the Statement of Activities, which is prepared on the full accrual basis.

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND	\$ 51,525
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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:

LONG TERM DEBT PROCEEDS AND PAYMENTS

Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Assets the repayment reduces long-term liabilities.

Repayment of debt principal is added back to fund balance	195,000
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ACCRUAL OF NON-CURRENT ITEMS

The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide or (require) the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditures in governmental funds (net change):

Deferred revenue	(195,000)
Interest revenue	71,379
Interest expense	(71,379)
	(71,379)

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 51,525
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See accompanying notes to financial statements

## **CITY OF MONTEREY - JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY**

(A Component Unit of the City of Monterey, California)

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### **MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

Proprietary funds account for Authority operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The intent of the Authority is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed primarily through user charges.

The concept of major funds established by GASB Statement 34 extends to Proprietary Funds. The fund identified below is the Authority's only Proprietary fund, and thus there are no individual non-major funds that would have been found in a Supplemental section.

### **FINANCING AUTHORITY FUND**

The **Financing Authority Fund** is an enterprise fund and is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the Authority is the costs and expenses; or (b) where the Authority has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for debt purposes.

CITY OF MONTEREY JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY  
(A Component Unit of the City of Monterey, California)  
PROPRIETARY FUND  
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES; ENTERPRISE FUND  
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS  
JUNE 30, 2007

	<u>Financing Authority</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>	
Cash and investments available for operations	\$ 995
Interest receivable	61,178
Investment in leases	<u>2,963,705</u>
Total Assets	<u>3,025,878</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>	
Interest payable	61,178
Lease revenue bonds:	
Due within one year	175,000
Due in more than one year	<u>2,779,814</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>3,015,992</u>
<b>NET ASSETS</b>	
Unrestricted	<u>9,886</u>
Total Net Assets	<u>\$ 9,886</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements

CITY OF MONTEREY JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY  
(A Component Unit of the City of Monterey, California)  
PROPRIETARY FUND  
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES; ENTERPRISE FUND  
STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES  
AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	<u>Financing Authority</u>
OPERATING REVENUES	
Interest on investment in lease	<u>\$ 178,223</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Amortization of cost of issuance	<u>5,330</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	172,893
NONOPERATING REVENUES	
Unrealized gain on investment	11
NONOPERATING EXPENSES	
Interest expense	<u>172,661</u>
Change in net assets	243
BEGINNING NET ASSETS	<u>9,643</u>
ENDING NET ASSETS	<u><u>\$ 9,886</u></u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements

(A Component Unit of the City of Monterey, California)  
 PROPRIETARY FUND  
 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES; ENTERPRISE FUND  
 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	<u>Financing Authority</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Interest received	\$ 178,223
Investment in lease	<u>144,438</u>
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	<u>322,661</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Interest paid	172,661
Principal payments on capital debt	150,000
Unrealized gain on investment	<u>11</u>
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	<u>322,650</u>
Net Cash Flows	11
Cash and investments at beginning of period	<u>984</u>
Cash and investments at end of period	<u><u>\$ 995</u></u>
<b>Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Cash Flows from Operating Activities:</b>	
Operating income (loss)	\$ 172,893
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash flows from operating activities:	
Amorization of issuance costs	5,330
Change in assets and liabilities:	
Investment in leases	<u>144,438</u>
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	<u><u>\$ 322,661</u></u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements

**CITY OF MONTEREY - JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY**  
(A Component Unit of the City of Monterey, California)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2007

**NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**A. Reporting Entity**

The City of Monterey Joint Powers Financing Authority (Authority) was formed in July 1994 by a joint exercise of powers between the City of Monterey (City) and the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Monterey (RDA). The Authority provides financing of public capital improvements for the City and RDA through the issuance of Lease Revenue Bonds. This form of debt allows investors to participate in a stream of future lease payments.

Improvements financed with Authority debt are leased to the City in return for rental payments which, together with restricted assets of the Authority (See Note 2), will be sufficient to meet the debt service obligations of the Authority. At the termination of the lease, title to the improvements will pass to the City.

The Authority is an integral part of the City. It provides services to the City and its governing body is the City Council. Therefore, the financial data of the Authority has been included as a blended component unit within the City's comprehensive annual financial report for the year ended June 30, 2007.

**B. Basis of Presentation**

The Authority's Basic Financial Statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the U.S.A.

The accompanying financial statements are presented on the basis set forth in Government Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*, No. 36, *Recipient Reporting for Certain Non-exchange Revenues, an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 33*, No. 37, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments; Omnibus*, and No. 38, *Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures*.

These Statements require that the financial statements described below be presented.

**Authority-wide Statements:** The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities include the financial activities of the overall Authority. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Authority. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the business-type activities of the Authority and for each function of the Authority's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

**CITY OF MONTEREY - JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY**  
(A Component Unit of the City of Monterey, California)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2007

**NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

**Fund Financial Statements:** The fund financial statements provide information about the Authority's funds. Separate statements for each fund category—*governmental and proprietary*—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. The Authority considers all its funds to be major funds.

Proprietary fund *nonoperating* revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

**C. Major Funds**

GASB Statement 34 defines major funds and requires that the Authority's major governmental and business-type funds be identified and presented separately in the fund financial statements. The Authority considers all its funds to be major funds.

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent of their corresponding totals for all governmental or enterprise funds and at least five percent of the aggregate amount for all governmental and enterprise funds for the same item. The Authority reported the following major governmental fund in the accompanying financial statements:

**Debt Service Fund** – This Fund is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. As with all governmental funds, the Debt Service Fund is accounted for on a spending or financial flow measurement focus which means that current assets and current liabilities are generally included on its balance sheet. The reported fund balances represents net current assets, which is considered only to be a measure of *available spendable resources*. Governmental fund operating statements present a summary of sources and uses of *available spendable resources* during a period by presenting increases and decreases in net current assets.

The Authority reported the following enterprise fund as a major fund in the accompanying financial statements:

**Financing Authority Fund** – This enterprise fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the Authority is the costs and expenses; or (b) where the Authority has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for debt purposes.

**NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

**D. Basis of Accounting**

The authority-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the full *accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recorded when *earned* and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are *incurred*, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Governmental funds are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual* basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when *measurable* and *available*.

The Authority considers all revenues reported in the governmental fund to be available if the revenues are collected within thirty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments and principal and interest on long-term debt. Revenues susceptible to accrual are interest revenue, certain other intergovernmental revenues, and certain charges for services.

Proceeds of governmental long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as *other financing sources*, in governmental funds.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Authority gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The Authority follows Statements and Interpretations of the Financial Accounting Standards Board and its predecessors that were issued on or before November 30, 1989, in accounting for its business-type activities, unless they conflict with Government Accounting Standards Board pronouncements.

**E. Cash Equivalents**

The Authority considers all highly liquid restricted investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

**NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

**A. Deposits and Investments**

The Authority and its fiscal agents invest in individual investments and in investment pools. Individual investments are evidenced by specific identifiable pieces of paper called *securities instruments*, or by an electronic entry registering the owner in the records of the institution issuing the security, called the *book entry* system. As of June 30, 2007, the Authority had the following investments:

**CITY OF MONTEREY - JOINT POWERS FINANCING AUTHORITY**  
(A Component Unit of the City of Monterey, California)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2007

**NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

	Total Fair Value	1 Year or less	Rating at June 30, 2007
Mutual Funds	18,217	18,217	Not Rated
Investment Agreement	632,675	632,675	Not Rated
 Total Investments	 650,892	 \$ 650,892	
 Cash (overdraft) in bank and on hand	 95,722		
 Total cash and investments	 \$ 746,614		

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2007 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Assets	
Cash & investments available for operations	\$ 95,722
Restricted cash & investments	650,892
Total cash and investments	\$ 746,614

**B. Authorized Investments**

The Authority's investment policy (same as the City's investment policy) and the California Government Code allow the following investments:

- Securities of the U.S. Government or its Agencies
- Certificates of Deposit (or Time Deposit) placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies
- Negotiable Certificates of Deposit
- Bankers' Acceptances
- Commercial Paper rate A-1 by Standard and Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record
- Medium Term Corporate Notes
- California Local Agency Investment Fund
- Repurchase Agreements
- Passbook Savings Accounts
- Reverse Repurchase Agreements
- Shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies holding U.S. Treasury or Government agency obligations

**NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

The Authority's investments are carried at fair value, as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The Authority adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year end, and it includes the effects of these adjustments in income for that fiscal year.

**C. Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the Authority manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the Authority's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the table in Section A (Deposit and Investments) that shows the distribution of the Authority's investments by maturity date.

**D. Credit Risk**

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the holder of an investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented in Section A (Deposits and Investments) is the actual rating as of year end for each investment type.

**E. Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Authority's investment policy contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code.

**F. Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial Credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposit or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

California law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a value of 110% of the Authority's cash on deposit or first trust deed mortgage notes with a value of 150% of the deposit as collateral for these deposits. Under California Law, this collateral is held in the City of Monterey's name and places the City and therefore the Authority ahead of general creditors of the institution. The Authority has waived collateral requirements for

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June 30, 2007

**NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

the portion of deposits covered by federal deposit insurance. The carrying amount of the Authority's cash deposit (part of the City of Monterey's deposit) is \$95,722 at June 30, 2007.

Please refer to the City of Monterey's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for more information.

**NOTE 3 - INVESTMENTS IN LEASES**

The assets financed by the Authority are leased to the City for their estimated useful lives and will become the City's property at the conclusion of the leases. The Authority therefore records the present value of the leases receivable and considers the assets to have been sold for these amounts when leased.

The following is a summary of the investments in leases as of June 30, 2007:

	Material Recovery Lease	Sports Center Addition Lease
Total minimum lease payments to be received under the Lease agreement	\$ 4,150,145	\$ 15,749,009
Less unearned interest income (based on the imputed Interest rate implicit in the lease)	<1,195,331>	<6,779,009>
Present value of investment in leases	\$ 2,954,814	\$ 8,970,000

**NOTE 4 - LONG TERM DEBT**

On February 15, 1994, \$4,045,000 of City of Monterey Joint Powers Financing Authority lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1994, were issued to finance the construction of a Materials Recovery Facility. The bonds bear interest at 5.10% to 5.75% and are due March 1, 2018. Principal payments are due annually on March 1 and interest payments are due semi-annually on March 1 and September 1. The bonds are subject to early redemption at the discretion of the Authority upon payment of a redemption price equal to the outstanding principal and accrued interest, plus a premium of .25%. The bonds will be repaid from lease revenues from the City for the materials recovery facility.

On May 23, 2002, \$9,860,000 of Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2002 were issued to provide funds for the expansion of the Monterey Sports Center and the purchase of the Catellus East parcel for open space purposes and certain improvements thereon. The bonds bear interest at 4.0% to 5.0% and are due May 1, 2032. Principal payments are due annually on May 1 and interest payments are due semi-annually on May 1 and November 1. The bonds are subject to early redemption at the discretion of the Authority upon payment of a redemption price equal to the outstanding

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June 30, 2007

**NOTE 4 - LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)**

principal and accrued interest, plus a premium that varies based on the redemption period of 0.00% to 2.00%. The Bonds will be repaid from lease revenues.

Debt issuance costs are amortized using the effective interest method over the life of the related debt issue.

The following summarizes the City's long-term debt transactions and balances at June 30, 2007:

	Balance June 30, 2006	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2007	Due Within One Year
<i>GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES</i>					
Lease Revenue Bonds Payable:					
2002 Joint Powers Financing Authority, 4.0-5.0%, due 5/1/32	\$ <u>9,165,000</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>195,000</u>	\$ <u>8,970,000</u>	\$ <u>200,000</u>
<i>BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES</i>					
Lease Revenue Bonds Payable:					
1994 Materials Recovery, 5.10-5.75% due 3/1/18	\$ <u>3,140,000</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>150,000</u>	\$ <u>2,990,000</u>	\$ <u>175,000</u>

As of June 30, 2007, annual debt service requirements to maturity and carrying value of the Lease Revenue Bonds were as follows:

	Lease Revenue Bonds			
	Governmental Activities (Sports Center Addition)		Business-Type Activities (Material Recovery)	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
For the Year Ending June 30				
2008	\$ 200,000	\$ 428,275	\$ 175,000	\$ 167,930
2009	210,000	420,275	185,000	158,655
2010	220,000	411,875	200,000	148,665
2011	225,000	403,075	220,000	137,665
2012	235,000	394,075	240,000	125,565
2013-2017	1,335,000	1,812,225	1,570,000	398,665
2018-2022	1,680,000	1,473,203	400,000	23,000
2023-2027	2,135,000	1,013,500	-	-
2028-2032	2,730,000	422,500	-	-
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ 8,970,000</b>	<b>\$ 6,779,003</b>	<b>2,990,000</b>	<b>\$ 1,160,145</b>
Deduct unamortized debt issuance costs			35,186	
Carrying value			<b>\$ 2,954,814</b>	

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2007

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**NOTE 5 – NET ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES**

GASB Statement 34 adds the concept of Net Assets, which is measured on the full accrual basis, to the concept of Fund Balance, which is measured on the modified accrual basis.

**A. *Net Assets***

Net Assets is the excess of all the Authority's assets over all its liabilities, regardless of fund. Net Assets are divided into two captions under GASB Statement 34. These captions apply only to Net Assets, which is determined only at the Government-wide level, and are described as follows:

*Restricted* describes the portion of Net Assets which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the Authority cannot unilaterally alter. This includes debt service requirements.

*Unrestricted* describes the portion of Net Assets which is not restricted to use.

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